

KWS Daniello Hybrid Fall Rye is a very high yielding, winter hardy fall rye that is widely adapted. Hybrid ryes do very well in milling and feed grain markets, conserved forage, grazing, and potentially for biomass (ethanol) and fibre production. KWS Daniello is a PollenPlus® hybrid that floods the field with pollen during flowering to ensure the lowest ergot risk of all current rye varieties.

Strengths:

- ✓ High Yielding
- ✓ Lowest Ergot Risk
- ✓ Grain or Silage
- ✓ Very Good Lodging Resistance
- ✓ Suitable for dryland or irrigation
- ✓ Excellent Winter Survival
- ✓ Very High Falling Number for Milling Markets



From the Alberta Seed Guide Spring 2018

Variety	Hybrid or OP Variety	Overall Stn Years of Testing	Overall Yield (% of check)	Yield Category (% Hazlet)				Agronomic Characteristics						
				Low < 48 (bu/ac)	Medium 48-80 (bu/ac)	High 80-112 (bu/ac)	V. High > 112 (bu/ac)	Winter Survival	Test Weight (lb/bu)	TKW (g)	Falling Number (sec)	Height (cm)	Resistance to Lodging	
Hazlet (bu/ac)			101	48	67	94	137							
Hazlet	OP	54	100	100	100	100	100	EX	59	39	145	108	G	
Prima	OP	51	85	77-	75-	91	89-	EX	58	33	188	120	F	
Guttino	Hybrid	20	120+	XX	119	122+	120+	EX	60	36	279	101	VG	
KWS Daniello	Hybrid	11	123+	XX	115	126	122+	VG	59	35	258	104	G	
KWS Bono	Hybrid	24	137+	XX	115	130+	133+	EX	58	34	258	101	VG	
Brasetto	Hybrid	20	123+	XX	121	134	120+	EX	59	36	246	104	VG	
KWS Gatano	Hybrid	14	124+	XX	XX	125+	120+	VG	58	33	250	102	F	

REMARKS: Hazlet has lower viscosity which improves feed performance in monogastric livestock. All fall rye varieties are similar for heading and maturity and are considered early. Typically, a falling number of 180 seconds or greater is preferred by the rye milling market. Falling number is heavily influenced by moisture around harvest time. All fall rye is susceptible to ergot.